Acmispon americanus (Nutt.) Rydb. var. americanus, SPANISH CLOVER. Annual, taprooted, several-stemmed at base from a  $\pm$  hemispheric swelling, with slender lateral branches diverging at acute angles from each node by having a callus at axil on upper side, decumbent or ascending through supporting vegetation, 5–60 cm tall; shoots with widely spaced cauline leaves, pilose to villous or becoming glabrescent; roots nodulated. **Stems:** ± cylindric, 0.7–2 mm diameter, tough, green becoming reddish orange at base or purplish red on exposed sides, internodes mostly 40–55 mm long. **Leaves:** helically alternate, pinnately 3-foliolate with subopposite lateral leaflets, short-petiolate without pulvinus, with stipules; stipules 2, at petiole base, glandlike and minute, dark reddish, conic to transversely elongate; petiole 0.5–1.5 mm long; rachis hemi-cylindric or channeled, < 5 mm long, spreading pubescent; petiolules of lateral leaflets = pulvinus 0.5–0.8 mm long, pale green becoming pinkish, spreading pubescent; blades of leaflets elliptic to broadly lanceolate,  $5-27 \times 2-16$  mm, asymmetric and oblique at base (lateral leaflets) and rounded to tapered and sometimes oblique at base (terminal leaflet), entire, acute and red-glandular at tip, pinnately veined with midrib slightly sunken on upper surface and principal veins raised on lower surface, dull blue-green to greenish, pilose to villous. Inflorescence: flowers solitary, axillary at every third node, bracteate; peduncle straight-ascending, 7–25 mm long increasing slightly in fruit, green to purplish red, spreading pubescent or becoming glabrescent, with callus at axil on upper side; bract at top of peduncle leafletlike, 1-foliolate, petiole = pulvinus, with a pair of reddish glandular stipules at base of petiole, blade lanceolate to ovate, at anthesis  $5-12 \times 2.5-5.5$  mm, persistent; bractlet  $\pm$  opposite bract, generally reduced to 3 glandular teeth (lateral 2 glands = stipules, central gland = bractlet); pedicel curved and orienting flower horizontally, at anthesis ca. 1 mm long. Flower: bisexual, bilateral, pealike (papilionaceous), 4–5 mm across; nectary chamber around nectar-producing receptacle beneath ovary; calyx 5-lobed, 5-6 mm long, with long and short spreading hairs; tube funnel-shaped, 1.6–1.8 mm long, 1.7–1.8 mm wide at orifice; lobes narrowly triangular,  $2.6-4.5 \times 0.5$  mm, with upper 2 lobes slightly > other lobes; **petals** 5, clawed, white, pink, and yellow; banner  $5.2-6.5 \times 4.5-5.5$  mm, claw 0.5-0.8 mm long, white, expanding abruptly into limb, limb folded down and covering wings and keel before anthesis, at anthesis bent upward and spreading at margins,  $\pm$  circular or broadly obovate, white, with up to 16 purplish red veins at base becoming forked above, aging pinkish between veins, rounded at tip; wings 2,  $5.4-5.7 \times 2$  mm, claw 1.2–1.4 mm long, whitish, limb narrowly obovate, whitish to light greenish yellow with yellow on outer margin and purplish red veins, with a saclike, inward protrusion near base coupled to a matching protrusion on keel; keel of 2 petals fused most of limb length on lower margins to tip, 5–6 mm long, claws 1.2–1.3 mm long, pale yellow, limbs  $3.5-4.7 \times 1.2-1.7$  mm, mostly light yellow or light greenish yellow at base grading to bright yellow at tip,  $\pm$ crescent-shaped with lower margin curved upward < 90° and upward margin concavely curved between basal lobe and tip, lobed above each claw, near base of each limb with an upward and outward directed, longitudinally elongate protrusion compressed side-to-side coupled with matching protrusion on wings; stamens 10, diadelphous (9 filaments fused and 1 free); filaments 5–6 mm long, free portion 1.5–1.7 mm from filament sheet, whitish to pale yellow, curving upward and matching curve of pistil, expanded at tip; anthers dithecal, < 0.4 mm long, light yellow, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen pale yellow, sticky; pistil 1, 6 mm long, sessile at base; ovary superior, straight and narrowly oblong, 3.5 mm long, green, glabrous, 1-chambered with 6 oyules attached to upper side; style arched

upward,  $\pm$  2.5 mm long, light green to whitish, glabrous, tuft of hairs absent below stigma; stigma terminal, capitate, minute, yellowish green. **Fruit:** pod (legume), dehiscent along both edges, 5–6-seeded, cylindric slightly constricted between seeds,  $21.5-28.5 \times 2.3-2.7$  mm, glossy brownish, straight from base and slightly arched upward above midpoint, veined on top and bottom, tip with downward short hook, glabrous. **Seed:** oblong kidney-shaped,  $3-4.2 \times 1.8-2.6 \times 1.7$  mm, glossy marbled black and light brown, smooth. Mid-February–early September.

Native. Annual common and locally abundant throughout the range, especially in open, sunny habitats, including in disturbed grasslands and along trails, appearing as a weed. *Acmispon americanus* formerly was treated as *Lotus purshianus*. This is the largest of the local annual species and has distinctive white, pink, and yellow flowers that can be found even during the summer drought.

B. A. Prigge & A. C. Gibson