Eremothera boothii (Dougl.) W. L. Wagner & Hoch subsp. decorticans (Hooker & Arnott) W. L. Wagner & Hoch, SHREDDING EVENING PRIMROSE. Annual, taprooted,  $\pm$ rosetted, 1-stemmed at base, branched throughout, sometimes with slender branches forming later on lower stem, erect, in range typically < 40 cm tall; shoots with basal leaves and cauline leaves, basal leaves initially clustered but becoming separated by elongating internodes, subglabrous or inconspicuously short-strigose (especially on blade and bract margins), in range glandular hairs essentially absent. Stems: cylindric, to 4 mm diameter, green typically aging purplish red with pimplelike bumps, later peeling (exfoliating) to expose sating stem. Leaves: helically alternate, simple, petiolate, without stipules; petiole flat to slightly channeled on upper side, 1.5–40 mm long, fleshy, reddish purple, glabrous to short-strigose; blade lanceolate to elliptic,  $15-100 \times 4-32$  mm, broadly tapered to tapered at base, entire to short-dentate on short-strigose margins, margins often reddish purple, acute to long-acuminate at tip, pinnately-veined with principal veins raised on lower surface, upper surface short-strigose to glabrous, lower surface glabrous. Inflorescence: leafy spike, terminal, nodding in bud, many-flowered, bracteate, in range short-strigose and typically lacking glandular hairs; bractlet subtending flower leaflike and short-petiolate, narrowly lanceolate, 12-30+ mm long, petiole to 2 mm long, blade entire to short-dentate on margins, long-acuminate at tip, short-strigose mostly on margins. Flower: bisexual, radial, in range (8–)12–16 mm across; hypanthium above ovary, narrowly bell-shaped or  $\pm$  funnel-shaped, in range 3.7–4.3 mm long,  $\pm$  fleshy, yellowish green with a purplish red band at base and often along exposed side, obscurely veined, short-strigose, internally short-pilose, **nectary** at base of hypanthium surrounding style base, producing copious nectar; sepals 4, free or generally partially fused at tips as pairs when they split from pressure of expanding petals along suture lines, reflexed, individually lanceolate, in range  $7.5-9 \times 1.8-2.3$  mm, pale green sometimes aging pink to rose, 3veined or 5-veined, glabrous; petals 4, spreading with corolla dish-shaped, obovate, (3- $)6.5-8.5 \times 3-5$  mm, white, broadly tapered to tapered at base, entire, rounded at tip; stamens 8 in 2 sets, free, arising from rim of hypanthium,  $\pm$  monomorphic; filaments erect, 4–5 mm long, white, tapered from base, glabrous, of inner whorl (opposite petals) with a narrow hook at tip resulting in shorter stature; anthers versatile, dithecal, oval,  $\pm 2.2$  mm long, cream-colored and flushed rosey red, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen cream-colored, pollen grains connected with minute threads (viscin threads); pistil 1; ovary inferior, cylindric,  $8-12 \times 1$  mm, green aging with purplish red spots, tapered from base to tip, somewhat curved, sparsely short-strigose, 4-chambered, each chamber with numerous ovules; style exserted, 11–12 mm long, white, with radiating white hairs on the portion of style within hypanthium, expanding below stigma into a weakly 4-lobed, pale green cup; stigma hemispheric, 1.3–1.6 mm diameter, light green, papillate. Fruit: capsule, dehiscent by 4 valves, many-seeded, cylindric, in range (1.5)2.2–2.9 mm long, straight or somewhat arched to wavy, typically not twisted or coiled, gradually tapered from base to tip. Seed:  $\pm$  ellipsoid to lanceoloid and somewhat angular, 1.4–2.1 mm long, of 2 forms, 0.5–0.7 mm wide (smooth) and 0.8 mm wide (papillate). Early April–mid-May.

Native. Annual observed during several springs on burns in the SH. *Eremothera boothii* subsp. *decorticans*, formerly treated as a species of *Camissonia*, is the only white-flowered camissonia known in range, and our plants appear to have longer and slightly

thicker fruits and leafier inflorescences in comparison with specimens collected elsewhere in southern California. B. A. Prigge & A. C. Gibson