Gastridium phleoides (Nees & Meyen) C. E. Hubb. Annual, fibrous-rooted, 1-severalstemmed at base but only forming 1 or 2 inflorescences, erect, (15–)25–55 cm tall; shoots glabrous. **Stems (culms):** cylindric, < 2 mm diameter, tough; internodes hollow. **Leaves:** alternate distichous, simple with sheath; sheath open, membranous, conspicuously veined, without lobes (auricles) at top; ligule membranous, acute, 2–7 mm long, white-translucent, veiny, irregularly cut; blade linear, $(25-)70-130 \times 1.5-6$ mm, the widest near midpoint, flat, minutely toothed and scabrous on margins, parallel-veined with midrib weakly developed on lower surface, minutely scabrous or with bumplike projections along veins. **Inflorescence:** spikelets, in terminal, compact, panicles, panicle fusiform to cylindric, $(20-)35-120 \times 3-13$ mm, with many short branches and alternate distichous clusters of 3-5 ascending to appressed lateral branchlets at nodes, of many spikelets, spikelet with 1 floret, bracteate, glabrous, awned; main axis concealed by florets and branchlets, glossy yellowish white, smooth; branchlets to 34 mm long, with several-many spikelets, axis minutely toothed; stalk of spikelet short. Spikelet: erect, narrowly flamed-shaped compressed side-to-side, glossy, swollen at ovary, breaking above glumes; rachilla extending to middle of palea, long-hairy; glumes 2, unequal, long-acuminate, lower glume 5.5–7 mm long and upper glume 3.5–5 mm long, at anthesis open ca. 30°, slightly swollen and glossy at base, typically 1-veined and keeled above midpoint, wide-membranous on margins, minutely toothed along keel, inner surface with a minutely scabrous midridge; **lemma** awned, ovate, 1–1.3 mm long + awns, << glumes, translucent, strigose, truncate and 4-toothed at tip, 5-veined with lateral veins ending in teeth and central vein diverted to awn, strigose, the awn subterminal, 3–5 mm long, exserted < 2 mm beyond lower glume, curved or bent 1 or 2 times (straight), twisted below midpoint; **palea** 1-1.3 mm long, = lemma, translucent, not keeled, 2-toothed, glabrous. Flower: bisexual; perianth (lodicules) 2, erect, narrowly ovoid to pyramidal, ± 0.4 mm long, colorless, glabrous; stamens 3, free, exserted; filaments erect, threadlike, 0.3–0.6 mm long, translucent; anthers dorsifixed, dithecal, 0.8–1 mm long, in range light yellow, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen pale yellow; pistil 1, 0.6 mm long; ovary superior, obovoid, pale green, glabrous, 1-chambered with 1 ovule; styles 2, ascending, = ovary height, colorless, highly branched. Fruit: achene (caryopsis), obovoid slightly compressed front-to-back, $0.8-1 \times$ 0.4–0.5 mm, light golden brown, with a shallow longitudinal groove opposite palea, glabrous; adhering to hairy lemma and glabrous palea; awn weakly attached and separating easily from lemma. Late April-early June.

Naturalized. Annual occasionally observed in range but very localized, e.g., occurring in short patches along roadsides or on recent burns. *Gastridium phleoides*, formerly known as *G. ventricosum*, has a compact inflorescence with slender awns, and at maturity the small fruit is tightly covered by a scarious, hairy lemma, often with the awn still attached. The genus gets its name from the slightly bulging bases of the glume, which also has a curious midridge on the inner surface.

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