Iva axillaris Pursh, POVERTY WEED. Perennial herb, rhizomatous, fibrous-rooted, several-stemmed at base, decumbent with ascending to spreading branches mostly from lower and middle nodes, in range 15-45 cm tall; monoecious; shoots with only cauline leaves, strigose to villous and glanddotted, pleasantly aromatic like Ambrosia; rhizomes vertical, with a branched crown > 5 cm below ground level. **Stems:** low-ridged, to 3 mm diameter, with 3 ridges descending from each leaf, tough, flexible, leafy stems greenish, ± villous and gland-dotted, basal stems straw-colored with fewer hairs and glands. Leaves: opposite decussate below, helically alternate above, simple, \pm sessile with pairs \pm connected across node, without stipules; petiole indistinct or to 1 mm long (basal leaves); blade obovate to elliptic or lanceolate, $10-40 \times 3.5-16$ mm, broadly tapered to tapered at base, entire to inconspicuously short-serrate on margins, acute to obtuse at tip, typically 3-veined from base, densely strigose and gland-dotted, the glands aging red. Inflorescence: heads, in axillary, racemelike arrays, array ca. 15 mm wide, head discoid, 4-5 mm across, in range with 5–8 disclike, pistillate peripheral flowers and 8–20 staminate central disc flowers, flowers nowshowy, nodding, bracteate, with nonglandular hairs and gland-dotted; main axis stemlike, with mostly nonglandular hairs; peduncle ± reflexed, in range 2–5 mm long, glabrous; **involucre** wide bell-shaped to hemispheric, 3.7–5 mm diameter and slightly wider in fruit, of 4–6 fused phyllaries or of those 1(2) free, phyllaries broadly obtuse, 2.5–3 mm long, lobed with sinuses ca. 1/4 of involucre length (occasionally 3/4 or more), veiny and gland-dotted on surface, membranous on margins, ciliate in sinuses, persistent; receptacle convex, with scalelike bractlets (paleae), palea spatulate to oblong-linear, $2-2.8 \times 0.2-1.7$ mm, scarious, the larger paleae subtending pistillate flowers, veiny, the smaller paleae 1-veined. **Peripheral flower:** pistillate, radial, 2–2.5 mm long; calvx (pappus) absent; corolla (4–)5-lobed, narrowly funnel-shaped, 0.7–1.2 mm long, white; tube > lobes; **stamens** absent; **pistil** 1; ovary inferior, compressed-obovoid, greenish brown, covered with glands and becoming resinous, 1-chambered with 1 ovule; style exserted 0.5–1 mm, 1.2–1.7 mm long, 2-branched, the branches unequal, linear, 0.9–1.2 mm long, thickened, minutely papillate and stigmatic on margins. **Central flower:** staminate, radial, ± 1.5 mm across, 2–2.7 mm long; calyx (pappus) absent; corolla 5-lobed, broadly funnel-shaped, whitish with 5 green veins; tube short; throat ± 1.5 mm long and also wide at orifice; lobes triangular and recurved; **stamens** 5, fused to corolla near base; filaments short, flat, whitish; anthers exserted ca. 0.5 mm, basifixed, dithecal, 1.5–1.8 mm long, yellowish to whitish, with terminal appendage curved over anther sacs, the appendages triangular, acute, or notched with a short point, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen pale yellow; **pistil** with rudimentary ovary; style ca. 1.5 mm long; stigma straight-hairy at tip. Fruits: cypselae, obovoid, in range to 2.5 mm long, plump or sometimes compressed front-to-back or angular on the inner faces, brown to nearly black, resinous, with minutely warty glandular faces; pappus absent. Early August-mid-October.

Native. Rhizomatous, summer-active perennial herb to date known only from dry, weedy flats near the new park headquarters at SMMNRA King Gillette Ranch. *Iva axillaris* is an aromatic plant that statewide is fairly common and that can occur in saline habitats.

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